U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service

Systematic Mycology and Microbiology Laboratory - Nomenclature Fact Sheets

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Pseudocercospora timorensis (Cooke) Deighton 1976

This fungus has received attention under the name *Cercospora batatae* Zimm. 1904, and is listed by APHIS as a Regulated Plant Pest in the United States. *Cercospora "batatae"* is the original spelling; the epithet has been corrected to "batatas". Hennings (1907) published an illegitimate later homonym based on a different type derived from the same original collection.

Chupp (1953) considered *Cercospora batatas* to be synonymous with *Cercospora timorensis* Cooke 1883, later transferred by Deighton to the genus *Pseudocercospora* as *Pseudocercospora timorensis* (Cooke) Deighton 1976. Pollack (1987), Little (1987) and Crous & Braun (2003) have accepted Chupp's judgement that *Cercospora batatas* is a synonym of *Pseudocercospora timorensis*. *Ramularia batatas* Racib. 1900 and *Cercospora ipomoeae-purpureae* J.M. Yen 1965 are also listed by Crous & Braun (2003) as taxonomic synonyms of *Pseudocercospora timorensis*. The epithet *timorensis* has priority as the oldest name therefore the currently accepted scientific name for this fungus is *Pseudocercospora timorensis* (Cooke) Deighton 1976.

Nomenclature Report

Pseudocercospora timorensis (Cooke) Deighton 1976 (Ascomycetes, Mycosphaerellales)

- ≡ Cercospora timorensis Cooke 1883
- = Cercospora batatas Zimm. 1904

Variant spelling Cercospora batatae Zimm. 1904 Note: Original spelling. (batatas greek neuter noun?).

= Ramularia batatas Racib. 1900 Note: Corrected spelling.

Variant spelling Ramularia batatae Racib. 1900 Note: Original spelling. Greek neuter noun?

- = Cercospora ipomoeae-purpureae J.M. Yen 1965 Note: Year changed from 1970 (checked protologue).
 - ≡ Pseudocercospora ipomoeae-purpureae (J.M. Yen) J.M. Yen 1980

Notes: Cercospora ipomoeae-indicae Sawada 1943 is a possible synonym (Chupp 1953).

Distribution: South America, Asia, Australia, Africa.

Substrate: Leaves.

Disease Note: Leaf spot. Listed by USDA APHIS as a Regulated Plant Pest.

Host: *Ipomoea* spp. including sweet potato (Convolvulaceae).

Supporting Literature:

Chupp, C. 1953. Monograph of the fungus genus Cercospora. Published by the Author, Ithaca, New York, 667 pages.

Crous, P.W., and Braun, U. 2003. *Mycosphaerella* and its anamorphs: 1. Names published in *Cercospora* and *Passalora*. Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures, Utrecht, 571 pages.

Deighton, F.C. 1976. Studies on Cercospora and allied genera. VI. Pseudocercospora Speg., Pantospora Cif. and Cercoseptoria Petr. Mycol.

Pap. 140: 1-168.

García, C.E., Pons, N., and Benítez de Rojas, C. 1996. [Cercospora and similar fungi on Ipomoea species]. Fitopatol. Venez. 9: 22-36.

Little, S. 1987. Pseudocercospora timorensis. C.M.I. Descr. Pathog. Fungi Bact. 918: 1-2.

Pollack, F.G. 1987. An annotated compilation of *Cercospora* names. Mycol. Mem. 12: 1-212.

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